inflection Documentation

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Contents

1	Installation	3
2	Contributing	5
3	API Documentation	7
	Changelog 4.1 0.3.1 (May 3, 2015)	11 11
5	License	13
Рy	thon Module Index	15
In	dex	17

Inflection is a string transformation library. It singularizes and pluralizes English words, and transforms strings from CamelCase to underscored_string. Inflection is a port of Ruby on Rails' inflector to Python.

Contents 1

2 Contents

	CHAPTER 1
	Installation
Use pip to install from PyPI:	
pip install inflection	

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CHAPTER	

Contributing

To contribute to Inflector create a fork on GitHub. Clone your fork, make some changes, and submit a pull request.

CHAPTER 3

API Documentation

 $\verb|inflection.camelize| (string, upper case_first_letter = True)|$

Convert strings to CamelCase.

Examples:

```
>>> camelize("device_type")
"DeviceType"
>>> camelize("device_type", False)
"deviceType"
```

camelize() can be though as a inverse of underscore(), although there are some cases where that does
not hold:

```
>>> camelize(underscore("IOError"))
"IOError"
```

Parameters uppercase_first_letter – if set to *True camelize()* converts strings to UpperCamelCase. If set to *False camelize()* produces lowerCamelCase. Defaults to *True*.

inflection.dasherize(word)

Replace underscores with dashes in the string.

Example:

```
>>> dasherize("puni_puni")
"puni-puni"
```

inflection.humanize(word)

Capitalize the first word and turn underscores into spaces and strip a trailing "_id", if any. Like titleize(), this is meant for creating pretty output.

Examples:

```
>>> humanize("employee_salary")
"Employee salary"
>>> humanize("author_id")
"Author"
```

inflection.ordinal(number)

Return the suffix that should be added to a number to denote the position in an ordered sequence such as 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th.

Examples:

```
>>> ordinal(1)
"st"
>>> ordinal(2)
"nd"
>>> ordinal(1002)
"nd"
>>> ordinal(1003)
"rd"
>>> ordinal(-11)
"th"
>>> ordinal(-1021)
"st"
```

inflection.ordinalize(number)

Turn a number into an ordinal string used to denote the position in an ordered sequence such as 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th.

Examples:

```
>>> ordinalize(1)
"1st"
>>> ordinalize(2)
"2nd"
>>> ordinalize(1002)
"1002nd"
>>> ordinalize(1003)
"1003rd"
>>> ordinalize(-11)
"-11th"
>>> ordinalize(-1021)
"-1021st"
```

inflection.parameterize(string, separator='-')

Replace special characters in a string so that it may be used as part of a 'pretty' URL.

Example:

```
>>> parameterize(u"Donald E. Knuth")
'donald-e-knuth'
```

inflection.pluralize(word)

Return the plural form of a word.

Examples:

```
>>> pluralize("post")
"posts"
```

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```
>>> pluralize("octopus")
"octopi"
>>> pluralize("sheep")
"sheep"
>>> pluralize("CamelOctopus")
"CamelOctopi"
```

inflection.singularize(word)

Return the singular form of a word, the reverse of pluralize().

Examples:

```
>>> singularize("posts")
"post"
>>> singularize("octopi")
"octopus"
>>> singularize("sheep")
"sheep"
>>> singularize("word")
"word"
>>> singularize("CamelOctopi")
"CamelOctopus"
```

inflection.tableize(word)

Create the name of a table like Rails does for models to table names. This method uses the *pluralize()* method on the last word in the string.

Examples:

```
>>> tableize('RawScaledScorer')
"raw_scaled_scorers"
>>> tableize('egg_and_ham')
"egg_and_hams"
>>> tableize('fancyCategory')
"fancy_categories"
```

inflection.titleize(word)

Capitalize all the words and replace some characters in the string to create a nicer looking title. titleize() is meant for creating pretty output.

Examples:

```
>>> titleize("man from the boondocks")
"Man From The Boondocks"
>>> titleize("x-men: the last stand")
"X Men: The Last Stand"
>>> titleize("TheManWithoutAPast")
"The Man Without A Past"
>>> titleize("raiders_of_the_lost_ark")
"Raiders Of The Lost Ark"
```

inflection.transliterate(string)

Replace non-ASCII characters with an ASCII approximation. If no approximation exists, the non-ASCII character is ignored. The string must be unicode.

Examples:

```
>>> transliterate(u'älämölö')
u'alamolo'
>>> transliterate(u'Ærøskøbing')
u'rskbing'
```

inflection.underscore(word)

Make an underscored, lowercase form from the expression in the string.

Example:

```
>>> underscore("DeviceType")
"device_type"
```

As a rule of thumb you can think of underscore () as the inverse of camelize (), though there are cases where that does not hold:

```
>>> camelize(underscore("IOError"))
"IoError"
```

CHAPTER 4

Changelog

Here you can see the full list of changes between each Inflection release.

4.1 0.3.1 (May 3, 2015)

- Fixed trove classifiers not showing up on PyPI.
- Fixed "human" pluralized as "humen" and not "humans".
- Fixed "potato" pluralized as "potatos" and not "potatoes".

4.1.1 0.3.0 (March 1, 2015)

• Added *tableize()* function.

4.1.2 0.2.1 (September 3, 2014)

• Added Python 2, Python 3 and Python 3.4 trove classifiers.

4.1.3 0.2.0 (June 15, 2013)

- Added initial support for Python 3.
- Dropped Python 2.5 support.

4.1.4 0.1.2 (March 13, 2012)

• Added Python 2.5 support.

4.1.5 0.1.1 (February 24, 2012)

• Fixed some files not included in the distribution package.

4.1.6 0.1.0 (February 24, 2012)

• Initial public release

CHAPTER 5

License

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14 Chapter 5. License

i
inflection, 7

16 Python Module Index

Index

```
C
camelize() (in module inflection), 7
D
dasherize() (in module inflection), 7
Η
humanize() (in module inflection), 7
inflection (module), 7
ordinal() (in module inflection), 8
ordinalize() (in module inflection), 8
Р
parameterize() (in module inflection), 8
pluralize() (in module inflection), 8
singularize() (in module inflection), 9
Т
tableize() (in module inflection), 9
titleize() (in module inflection), 9
transliterate() (in module inflection), 9
U
underscore () (in module inflection), 10
```